### Amendment

#### In the Claims

(Previously presented) A conjugate for use in targeting a drug to a tissue, wherein
a digestive enzyme is overexpressed in the extracellular space of the tissue, the conjugate
comprising:

a polymeric carrier;

a drug molecule; and

a linker that includes a first end and a second end,

wherein the polymeric carrier is associated with the first end of the linker and the drug is associated with the second end of the linker;

wherein the linker includes an oligopeptide recognition segment that is cleaved when the conjugate is exposed to the digestive enzyme; and

wherein the digestive enzyme is selected from the group consisting of serine proteases and matrix metalloproteinases.

(Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 1 further comprising:

additional drug molecules; and

additional linkers, wherein each drug molecule is indirectly associated with the polymeric carrier via one of the linkers and wherein each linker includes an oligopeptide recognition segment that is cleaved when the conjugate is exposed to the digestive enzyme.

- (Original) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the polymeric carrier is hydrophilic, biocompatible and biodegradable.
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the size of the polymeric carrier is larger than the renal excretion limit.
  - 5. (Original) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the drug is a small molecule drug.
  - 6. (Original) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the drug is a biomolecular drug.
  - (Canceled)
  - (Canceled)
  - 9. (Original) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the tissue is diseased.
  - (Original) The conjugate of claim 9, wherein the tissue is a tumor.
- (Original) A pharmaceutical composition comprising a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and an effective amount of the conjugate of claim 1.
- 12. (Previously presented) A method of preparing a conjugate for use in targeting a drug to a tissue, wherein the tissue overexpresses a digestive enzyme <u>selected from the group consisting of serine proteases and matrix metalloproteinsses</u>, the method comprising:

providing a polymer carrier;

providing a drug molecule;

providing a linker that includes at least a first end and a second end,

wherein the linker includes an oligopeptide recognition segment that is cleaved when the conjugate is exposed to the digestive enzyme;

wherein the digestive enzyme us selected from the group consisting of serine proteases and matrix metalloproteinases;

associating the polymer carrier with the first end of the linker; and associating the drug molecule with the second end of the linker.

(currently amended) A method of targeting a drug to a tissue in a patient, wherein 13. a digestive enzyme is overexpressed in the extracellular space of the tissue, the method comprising the steps of:

providing a patient;

providing to a patient in need thereof a pharmaceutical composition that comprises a pharmaceutically acceptable excipient and an effective amount of a conjugate; and

administering the pharmaceutical composition to the patient; wherein the conjugate comprises:

a polymeric carrier;

a drug molecule; and

a linker that includes a first end and a second end,

wherein the polymeric carrier is associated with the first end of the linker and the drug is associated with the second end of the linker;

wherein the linker includes an oligopeptide recognition segment that is cleaved when the conjugate is exposed to the digestive enzyme; and

wherein the digestive enzyme us selected from the group consisting of serine proteases and matrix metalloproteinases.

- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the polymeric carrier 14. is dextran.
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the oligopeptide 15. recognition unit comprises the amino acid sequence IPVGLIG (SEQ ID NO. 1).
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 14, wherein the oligopeptide 16. recognition unit comprises the amino acid sequence IPVGLIG (SEQ ID NO. 1).
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the drug is 17. methotrexate.
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 14, wherein the drug is 18. methotrexate.
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 15, wherein the drug is 19. methotrexate.
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 16, wherein the drug is 20. methotrexate.
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the drug is 21. doxorubicin.
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 14, wherein the drug is 22. doxorubicin.

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- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 22, wherein the oligopeptide recognition unit comprises the amino acid sequence IPVGLIG (SEQ ID NO. 1).
- 24. (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the digestive enzyme is a serine protease.
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 24, wherein the digestive enzyme is prostate specific antigen (PSA).
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 24, wherein the digestive enzyme is human kallikrein 2 (hk2).
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 24, wherein the digestive enzyme is urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA).
- 28. (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 24, wherein the digestive enzyme is fibroblast activating protein  $\alpha$  (FAP $\alpha$ ).
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 1, wherein the digestive enzyme is a matrix metallproteinase.
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 29, wherein the digestive enzyme is Meprin α.
- 31. (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 29, wherein the digestive enzyme is Meprin  $\beta$ .
- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 29, wherein the digestive enzyme is MT1-MMP.

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- (Previously presented) The conjugate of claim 29, wherein the digestive enzyme is matrix metalloproteinase II (MMP-2).
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the digestive enzyme is a serine protease.
- 35. (Previously presented) The method of claim 34, wherein the digestive enzyme is prostate specific antigen (PSA).
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 34, wherein the digestive enzyme is human kallikrein 2 (hk2).
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 34, wherein the digestive enzyme is urokinase-type plasminogen activator (uPA).
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 34, wherein the digestive enzyme is fibroblast activating protein \( \text{(FAPa)} \).
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the digestive enzyme is a matrix metallproteinase.
- 40. (Previously presented) The method of claim 39, wherein the digestive enzyme is Meprin  $\alpha$ .
- 41. (Previously presented) The method of claim 39, wherein the digestive enzyme is Meprin  $\beta$ .
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 39, wherein the digestive enzyme is MT1-MMP.

- (Previously presented) The method of claim 39, wherein the digestive enzyme is matrix metalloproteinase II (MMP-2).
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the polymeric carrier is dextran.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the oligopeptide recognition unit comprises the amino acid sequence IPVGLIG (SEQ ID NO. 1).
- 46. (Previously presented) The method of claim 44, wherein the oligopeptide recognition unit comprises the amino acid sequence IPVGLIG (SEQ ID NO. 1).
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the drug is methotrexate.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 44, wherein the drug is methotrexate.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 45, wherein the drug is methotrexate.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 46, wherein the drug is methotrexate.
  - 51. (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the drug is doxorubicin.
  - 52. (Previously presented) The method of claim 44, wherein the drug is doxorubicin.
- (Previously presented) The method of claim 52, wherein the oligopeptide recognition unit comprises the amino acid sequence IPVGLIG (SEQ ID NO. 1).

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- (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the conjugate is administered in an amount effective to treat an epithelial cancer in a patient.
- 55. (Currently amended) The method of claim 13, wherein the conjugate is administered in an amount effective to treat breast, prostate, bladder, ovarian, bladder, or gastric cancer in a patient.
- 56. (Previously presented) The method of claim 13, wherein the conjugate is administered in an amount effective to treat arthritis in a patient.